Testing spatial structures

Multivariate analysis of spatial patterns

# Multivariate analysis of genetic data — uncovering spatial structures —

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MRC Centre for Outbreak Analysis and Modelling Imperial College London

Workshop *Phylogenetics and population genetics with* 28-03-2014

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# Outline

#### Introduction

Testing spatial structures Moran's Index Mantel's correlation

Multivariate analysis of spatial patterns

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# Outline

#### Introduction

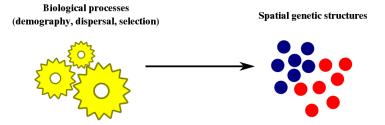
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## From processes to structures

Genetic structure: non-random distribution of genetic diversity.



Identify structures to infer processes.

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## From processes to structures

Genetic structure: non-random distribution of genetic diversity.

Biological processes (demography, dispersal, selection)

Spatial genetic structures



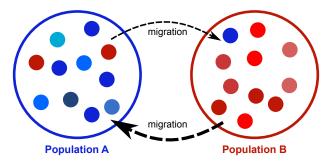
Identify structures to infer processes.

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## Island model

Reproduction within populations + migration.

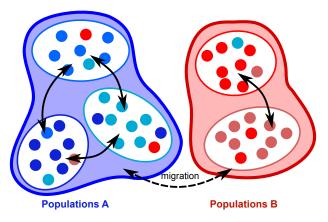


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## Hierarchical island model

Reproduction within subpopulations + stratified migration.

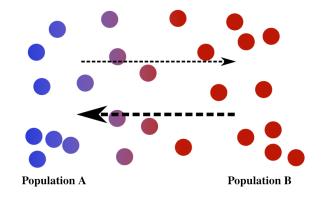


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# Isolation by distance (IBD)

Reproduction between neighbours  $\rightarrow$  'diffusion' of genes

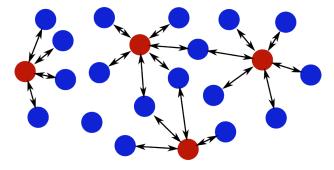


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## Inbreeding avoidance

Mating with individuals from another population  $\rightarrow$  'repulsion' structure



- *island / hierarchical island model*: patches of related genotypes
- *isolation by distance (IBD)*: clines of genetic differentiation
- inbreeding avoidance: repulsion structure

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# Spatial autocorrelation

## Definitions:

- *in general*: values of a variable non independent from the corresponding spatial locations
- *in genetics*: genetic distance is correlated to spatial distance

## Two types of spatial autocorrelation:

- positive: closer individuals are more similar than at random
- **negative**: closer individuals are more dissimilar than at random

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# Spatial autocorrelation

## Definitions:

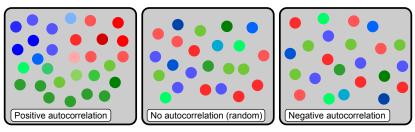
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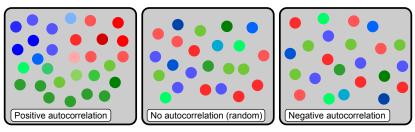
## Spatial autocorrelation: illustration



How do we measure spatial autocorrelation?

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## Spatial autocorrelation: illustration



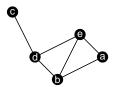
How do we measure spatial autocorrelation?

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## From spatial coordinates to spatial weights

#### Matrix of spatial weights ${\bf L}$



Row i : uniform weights for neighbours of i.

	а	b	С	d	e
а	0.000	0.500	0.000	0.000	0.500
b	0.333	0.000	0.000	0.333	0.333
С	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000
d	0.000	0.333	0.333	0.000	0.333
e	0.333	0.333	0.000	0.333	0.000

Let  ${\bf x}$  be a variable with one value at each location.

The lag vector Lx computes mean values of neighbours.

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## From spatial coordinates to spatial weights

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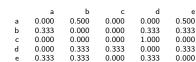
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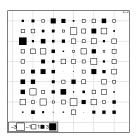
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## A variable and its lag-vector

Lag vector :

#### Random:

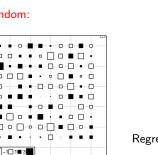


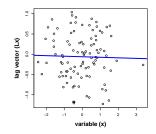
Regression of  $\mathbf{L}\mathbf{x}$  onto  $\mathbf{x}$  :

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## A variable and its lag-vector

Lag vector :





#### Regression of Lx onto x :

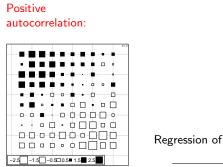
	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
х	1	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.8081
Residuals	98	31.53	0.32		

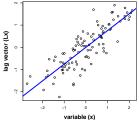
#### Random:

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## A variable and its lag-vector

Lag vector :





Regression of Lx onto x :

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
×G	1	65.91	65.91	245.69	0.0000
Residuals	98	26.29	0.27		

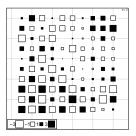
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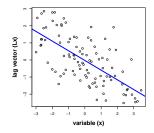
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## A variable and its lag-vector

Lag vector :

Negative autocorrelation:





Regression of  $\mathbf{L}\mathbf{x}$  onto  $\mathbf{x}$  :

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
xL	1	87.56	87.56	77.80	0.0000
Residuals	98	110.29	1.13		

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## Moran's index: definition

#### Moran's I:

$$I(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{L} \mathbf{x}}{n} \frac{1}{\mathsf{var}(\mathbf{x})}$$

#### where:

- $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$  : a centred variable (e.g. allele frequency, PC)
- L : matrix of spatial weights (nxn)
- Lx : lag vector
- $I_0 = \frac{-1}{n-1} \approx 0$ : null value (no autocorrelation, i.e. random spatial distribution)
- $\Rightarrow$  Moran's I varies like  $\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Lx} \rangle$ .

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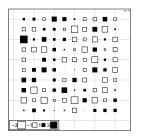
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## Variable, lag-vector, Moran's I

Lag vector :

Random:



Moran's I:

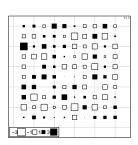
Random:

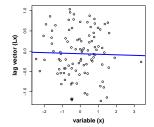
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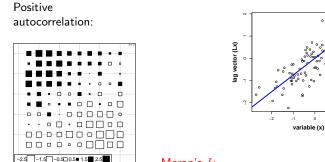
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## Variable, lag-vector, Moran's I

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Moran's I:  $I(\mathbf{x}) > I_0$ 

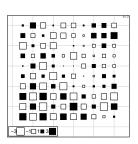
Negative autocorrelation:

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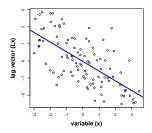
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## Variable, lag-vector, Moran's I

Lag vector :



Moran's I:  $I(\mathbf{x}) < I_0$ 



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# Testing Moran's I

- compute *I* from the data
- permute randomly the locations to get a value of *I* under *H*<sub>0</sub>: "x is distributed at random across space."
- repeat this operation a large number of times to obtain a reference distribution of I under  ${\cal H}_0$
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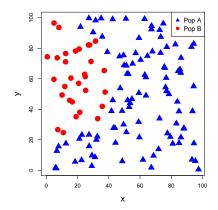
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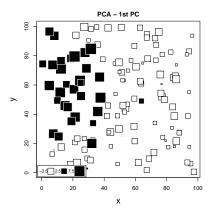
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# Application: testing spatial structures in principal components

Data (2 population, island model):

PCA results, PC 1:



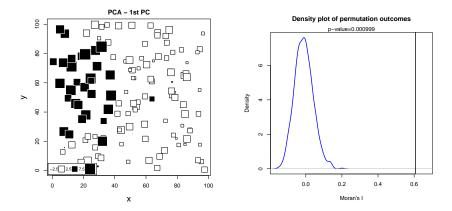


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# Application: testing spatial structures in principal components

PCA results, PC 1:

Moran's *I* test of PC1:



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# Univariate /vs/ multivariate correlation

#### • Moran's I is univariate

- solution: test a few principal components
- problems:
  - does not use all the genetic information
  - which PC to test?
  - correction for multiple testing
- $\Rightarrow$  need for multivariate tests

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# Univariate /vs/ multivariate correlation

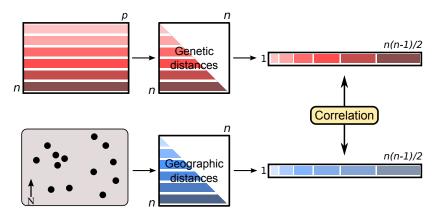
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### Mantel's correlation: rationale

Correlation between two unfolded distance matrices.



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# Mantel's correlation: definition

#### Notations:

- $\mathbf{X} = [x_{ij}] \ (\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n})$ : genetic distances
- $\mathbf{Y} = [y_{ij}] \ (\mathbf{Y} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n})$ : geographic distances
- $\bar{x}$ ,  $\bar{y}$ : means of x and y (excepting diagonals)
- $s_x$ ,  $s_y$ : standard deviation of x and y (excepting diagonals)

Original definition (unstandardized):

$$z_{\mathsf{M}} = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \sum_{j=i+1}^{n} x_{ij} y_{ij}$$

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# Mantel's correlation: definition

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Standardized coefficient (true correlation):

$$r_{\mathsf{M}} = \frac{1}{d-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \sum_{j=i+1}^{n} (\frac{x_{ij} - \bar{x}}{s_x}) (\frac{y_{ij} - \bar{y}}{s_y})$$

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# Testing Mantel correlation

- compute  $z_{\mathsf{M}}$  or  $r_{\mathsf{M}}$  from the data
- permute randomly the rows and columns of one matrix, recompute the test statistic (i.e., under *H*<sub>0</sub>: "no correlation")
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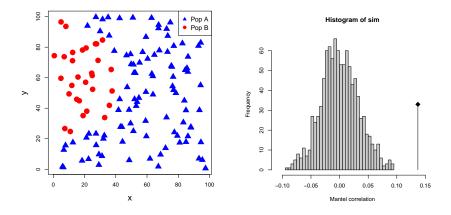
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## Application: testing spatial structures

Data (2 population, island model):

#### Mantel test:



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# Outline

#### Introduction

Testing spatial structures Moran's Index Mantel's correlation

#### Multivariate analysis of spatial patterns

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# Mapping principal components

Maps of the three first principal components of PCA.



#### Are we actually looking for spatial patterns here?

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# Mapping principal components

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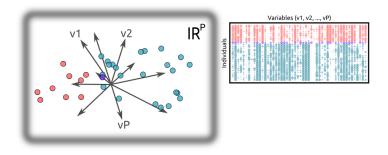


#### Are we actually looking for spatial patterns here?

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### Multivariate analysis: reminder

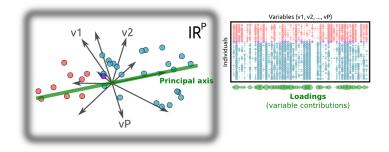


Principal components with maximum total variance.

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### Multivariate analysis: reminder

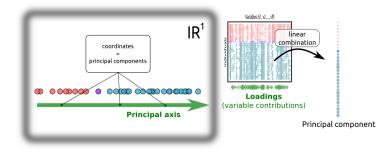


Principal components with maximum total variance.

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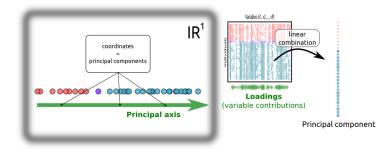
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Principal components with maximum total variance.

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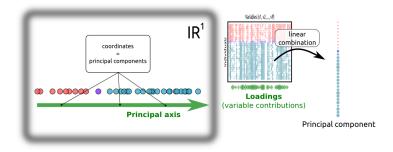
### Multivariate analysis: reminder



#### Principal components with maximum total variance.

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### Multivariate analysis: reminder



Principal components with maximum total variance.

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# Using spatial information

- usual multivariate analyses ignore spatial information
- they may reveal obvious spatial structures, but overlook finer patterns

 $\Rightarrow$  need for taking spatial information into account

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Spatial Principal Component Analysis (sPCA): rationale

### Principal components should:

- display variability ⇒ optimize *total variance*
- display positive autocorrelation  $\Rightarrow$  large Moran's I
- (or) display negative autocorrelation ⇒ low (negative) Moran's I

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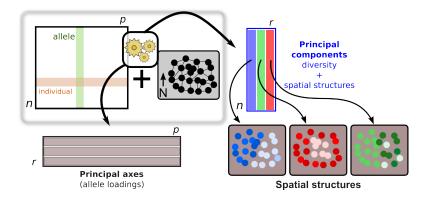
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## Spatial Principal Component Analysis (sPCA): outputs



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# Global and local structures

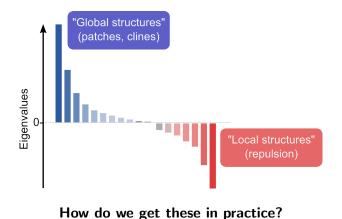
Unlike other multivariate methods, sPCA has **positive** and **negative** eigenvalues



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# Global and local structures

Unlike other multivariate methods, sPCA has **positive** and **negative** eigenvalues



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# Time to get your hands dirty (one last time)!



The pdf of the practical is online:

```
http://adegenet.r-forge.r-project.org/
```

or

 $\mathsf{Google} \to \mathsf{adegenet} \to \mathsf{documents} \to ``\mathsf{Workshop} \ \mathsf{Montpellier''}$